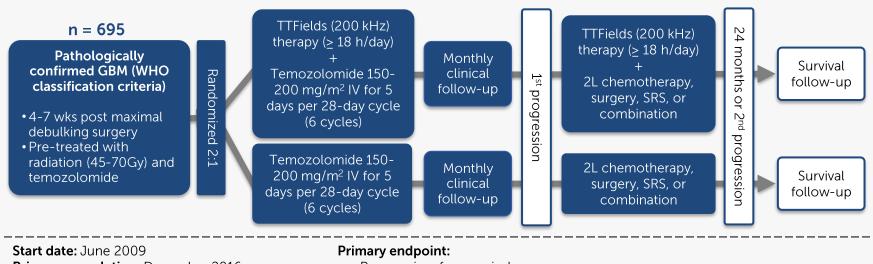
tumor treating fields clinical evidence

patientforward"

© 2024 Novocure GmbH

EF-14 Phase 3 pivotal trial evaluated Optune Gio + TMZ in 695 patients with ndGBM



Primary completion: December 2016 Study completion: March 2017 Study sites: 83 (global)

- Progression-free survival
- Secondary endpoints:
- Overall survival

GBM, glioblastoma; ndGBM, newly diagnosed glioblastoma; SRS, stereotactic radiosurgery; TMZ, temozolomide; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields; wks, weeks; WHO, World Health

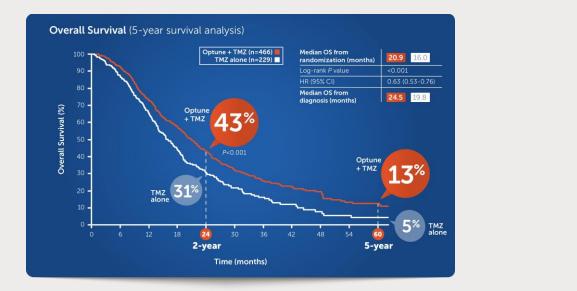
patientforward®

Organization ClinicalTrials.gov. NCT00916409.

in ndGBM, Optune Gio + TMZ provided an unprecedented long-term survival benefit

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:







patientforward®

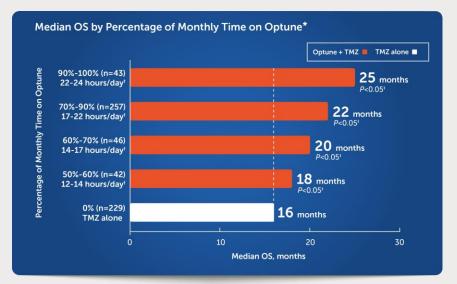
© 2024 Novocure GmbH 3

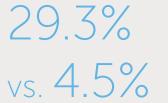
CI, confidence interval; ndGBM, newly diagnosed glioblastoma; TMZ, temozolomide. Stupp R et al. JAMA. 2017;318(23):2306–2316.

more time on Optune Gio predicted increased significant survival benefit

FOR MORE **INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:**







5-YEAR PROBABILITY OF SURVIVAL WITH 90% COMPLIANCE (n=43) VS SURVIVAL WITH TMZ ALONE

Journal of Neuro-Oncology (2019) 141:667-677 https://doi.org/10.1007/s11060-018-03057-r CLINICAL STUDY Increased compliance with tumor treating fields therapy is prognostic for improved survival in the treatment of glioblastoma: a subgroup analysis of the EF-14 phase III trial

S. A. Toms¹O · C. Y. Kim² · G. Nicholas³ · Z. Ram⁴

Received :30 August 2018 / Accepted: 21 November 2018 / Published online: 1 December 2018

Background Tumor treating fields (TTFields) is a non-invasive, antimitotic therapy. In the EF-14 phase 3 trial in newly Incorporating and the second secon

time transfer the parallel with improved clinical outcomes. Methods Compliance was assessed by usage data from the NoveTF-100A device and calculated as percentage per month of TFields delivey. TFIElds/TMZ patients were segregated into subgroups by percent monthly compliance. A Cox pro-perioral huard mode controlled for sex, exist of resettion, MCMT methylation status, aga, region, and performance status. was used to investigate the effect of compliance on PFS and OS. Results A threshold value of 50% compliance with TTFields/TMZ improved PFS (HR 0.70, 95% CI 0.47–1.05) and OS (HR

0.67 95% CI 0.45-0 99) versus TMZ alone with interested enforme as compliance increased. At compliance > 99% media Unit, yps & UU,S=UM9 versus ENZ, annu with improved outcome in computance intreased. At Computance switch, meaning with a service and a service of the se

or gentee, which or motion, motion manyments mano, qui, sport and periodic states (see the boot or compliance 25% vs. e75%). Candidates A compliance threshold of 50% with TTFields/TMZ correlated with significantly improved OS and PFS versus TMZ alone, Philtrent with compliance >90% showed extended median and 5-year service taste. Increased compliance with TTFields therapy is independently prognostic for improved survival in clioblastoma

Keywords Glioblastoma - Tumor treating fields - Compliance - Monthly usage

Introduction

Glioblastoma (GBM) is the most common and aggressive adult brain tumor, accounting for 56% of all gliomas and 15% of all reimary brain turnors with an annual incidence material The online version

Department of Neurosargery, Warnes Alpert Medical Scho of Boswa University, Providence, RI, USA

Ottawa Hospital Research Institute, Ottawa, ON, Canadi Tel Aviv Medical Center, Tel Aviv, Israel

15% of all primary train turnors with an annual increases in the United States that increases with age—ranging from 0.2 per 100,000 in 0–19 year old population to the highest rate of 15.3 per 100,000 in the 75–84 year old population Glioblastoma remains incurable with a median survival of only 15 months until recently [2]. The previous standard treatments for newly diagnosed GRM include maximally safe surgical resection followed by radiation therapy (RT) and adjuvant temozolomide (TMZ) chemotherapy [3]. Tumor treating fields (TTFields) are a unique treatment modality [4, 5] for GBM that affects rapidly dividing gli oma cells through the action of low-intensity, intermediat

Springe

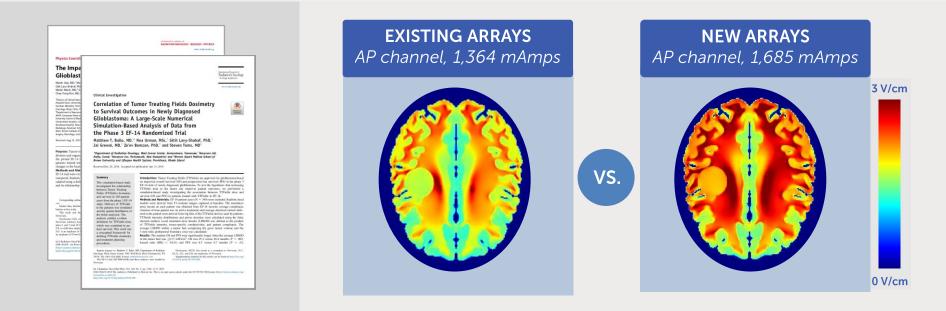
patientforward

OS, overall survival: TMZ, temozolomide, Toms SA et al. J Neurooncol, 2019: 141(2): 467–473

higher TTFields therapy dose can lead to increased efficacy

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODES:





all analyzed subgroups experienced a benefit when adding Optune Gio to TMZ

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:



		Median surviv	al (months	s) ———
Subgroup	Opt	tune + TMZ	TMZ	Hazard ratio (95% CI)
MGMT promoter methylation	Unmethylated » Methylated	16.9 31.6	14.7 21.2	+
methylation				
Resection	Biopsy Partial	16.5 21.4	11.6 15.1	+
	»Gross total	22.6	18.5	-
	»<65 years	21.6	17.3	+
Age	≥65 years	17.4	13.7	
	» 90-100	23.3	17.8	+
KPS	≤80	14.9	11.0	
2	Women	24.6	18.5	+
Sex	» Men	19.1	15.5	
	Total	20.9	16.0	+
			Optune +	0.1 ← 1.0 → 10 TMZ better TMZ better

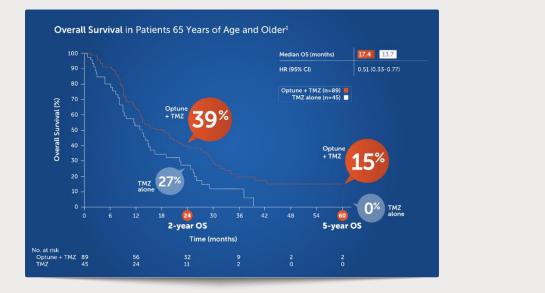
JAMA Original Investigation	
Effect of Tumor-Treating Fields Plus Mainte	nance
Temozolomide vs Maintenance Temozolom	ide Alone
on Survival in Patients With Glioblastoma	
A Randomized Clinical Trial	
Repart Tang, MD, Sayan Maliker, MM, Andree Karres, MD, Hilkerschurd KD, Sanchiel J, Sanchieg JHG, Amenoticalisti, MD, Meranari L, Ritsmalt, MD, Fazericki K, MD, Rich T-Renzondo JHans, MD, Fazericki K, MD, MD, Charlow KD, Fazericki K, MD, Han L, Karres MD, Hand L, Sanchiege MD, Holl	man, NO, Jap Jigsaing (Nu, MO, PhD) Eller D. Firmer, MD, PhD
	E Saterary Video
IMPORTANCE Turnor treasting fields (TTFields) is an antimitatic treatment modelity that Interfaces with phylodotomic cell devices and expendie assembly by delivering two intervals	The Support of London
atternating electric fields to the turnor.	CHE Gale #
OR ACCIVET. To investigate whether TTFIelds improves progression free and overall service pollarity with globalations, a fatal dealers that commonly recurs at the initial terms site on the central services system.	iof.
DESIGN, SETTING, AND PARTICIPARTS. In this understand, open-labelitist, 697 patients with	
glioblatzma whose tumor was resected or bispoled and had completed concombant radia terrestherapy (median time from diagnosis to randomization, 2.8 months) ware enroll	-
at 53 centers (July 2009-2014) and followed up through December 2016. A preliminary repr from the true was published in 2015, this report decribes the final analysis.	et.
Interventions: Patients wave conductions 21 to 11744b, pice maintenance terroritomic chemotherapy (s = 405) or terroritomice acres (s = 220). The 11764b, consisting of	
tow interestry 200 kHz trappency, attainating electric fields, was delivered (> 18 hours)@-	
4 transducar arrays on the shared scalp and connected to a portable device. Tempolantid was administrated to both groups (350-200 mg/m ²) for 3 days per 28-day cycler(8-12 cycle)	
MAIN COTONES AND VERSIONS Programmin free survival (tartied at a + 040). The	
secondary and point was overall survival factual hierarchically at a + 048. Analysis were performed for the intent to freet population. Adverse events were compared by progr	
HEMICIS Of the UNS-randomized patients invector age, 55 years, KOR, 48-63, 473 men (689	
637 (KPN) completed the trial. Median progression free survival from randomization ean 6- months in the TTTlakts temporaturnide group and 4-0 months in the temporaturnide atometry	F
648, 0.63, 92% (1, 0.52, 0.76, F = .005). Median overall serviced was 20.9 months in the TTRubb service/service group vs. IK-0 months in the temporarentee James prove 548, 0.63.	
95%-CL 0.53-0.76; P + DOB: Systemic advance-event frequency was 48% in the	
TTPlaids hamopilemide group and 44% in the tempolerate alone group. Mild to moderate skin toxicity underweith the translator arrays recorrect in 52% of patients who received	
Tillalds-tempolarishevene patients who recoved tempolarishe alone	
CONCLUSIONS AND ADDRESS In the first analysis of this cardomized clinical trial of paties with globiations who had received standard ratio hemotherapy, the abilition of TTTabh	
where geostements when were reaching summaries between the control of the second state	a units. Conceptioning Author Topy
statistically significant improvement in programme. Thes survival and overall survival. These results are consistent with the previous infanist analysis.	Stepp MIL Locard Aan Mahati Brain Tursur Watthate ut Har Rubert IX
This second the descators go identifier NCTO096409	Lude Comprehensive Cancer Center of Technestern University 676 W Sr Over Jr. Ster. 2005.
ABM 20129820-2006-206 doi:10.007pms2012878 Convention on March 21 2018	Okcept 6.0000 Inger standberfreeden abs
	ana con
 0.2017 American Medical Association, All rights new 	

patientforward®

© 2024 Novocure GmbH 6

CI, confidence interval; KPS, Karnofsky Performance Status; MGMT, O-6-methylguanine-DNA methyltransferase; TMZ, temozolomide; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. Stupp R et al. JAMA. 2017;318(23):2306–2316.

Optune Gio was associated with increased **FOR MORE** survival in patients 65 years and older





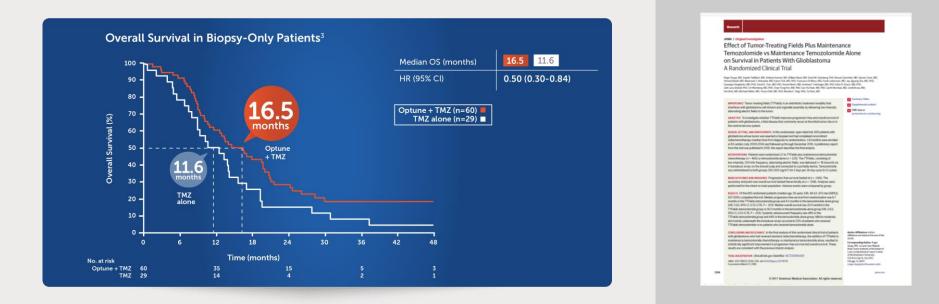
patientforward®

CI, confidence interval; TMZ, temozolomide. Ram Z et al. Frontiers in Oncology. 2022; 12: 902929.

biopsy-only patients using Optune Gio had longer median overall survival

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:





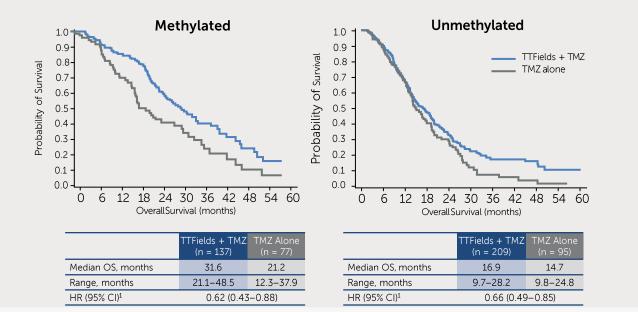
patientforward®

CI, confidence interval; TMZ, temozolomide. Stupp R et al. JAMA. 2017;318(23):2306-2316.

survival benefit occurred independently of MGMT methylation status

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:





<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><text>

patientforward®

© 2024 Novocure GmbH 9

CI, confidence interval; KPS, Karnofsky Performance Status; MGMT, O-6-methylguanine-DNA methyltransferase; TMZ, temozolomide; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. Stupp R et al. JAMA. 2017;318(23):2306–2316.

Optune Gio has a strong safety profile with no significant increase in serious AEs compared with TMZ alone

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODES:



Incidence of grade 3/4 AEs occurring in ≥5% of patients during 5 years of follow-up	Optune + TMZ (n=456) %	TMZ alone (n=216) %
≥1 AE	48	44
Blood and lymphatic system disorders Thrombocytopenia	13 9	11 5
Gastrointestinal disorders	5	4
Asthenia, fatigue, and gait disturbance	9	6
Infections	7	5
Injury, poisoning, and procedural complications (falls and medical device site reaction)	5	3
Metabolism and nutrition disorders (anorexia, dehydration, and hyperglycemia)	4	5
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders	5	4
Nervous system disorders Seizures	24 6	20 6
Respiratory, thoracic, and mediastinal disorders (pulmonary embolism, dyspnea, and aspiration pneumonia)	5	5

Research		
JAMA Original Investigation		
Effect of Tur		
Temozolomi		
	Journal of Neuro-Oncology	
on Survival i	https://doi.org/10.1007/s11069-020-00549-6	
A Randomize	CLINICAL STUDY	
Report Name, MCL Southin Table		Diset for sprinter.
Alternal (dtade, IRC) Maternal (Character Treatients, MD, Ped)	Global post-marketing safety surveilla	nce of Tumor Treating Fields
GALLary Shahad Phili Lin Was	(TTFields) in patients with high-grade	glioma in clinical practice
Institute, MD, Michael Weber,	(········	
	Wenyin Shi ¹ O - Deborah T. Blumenthal ² - Nancy Ann Ober	heim Bush ³ · Sied Kebir ^{4,5} · Rimas V. Lukas ^{4,7} ·
INFORTUNIC Turner by Interferen with globbled	Yoshihiro Muragaki ^{4,9} - Jay-Jiguang Zhu ¹³ - Martin Glas ^{4,1}	
alternating electric field	Received: E April 2020 / Accepted: 27 May 2020	
GREETWE TO INVESTIGE	Received: 8 April 2020 / Accepted: 21 May 2020 © The Author(s) 2020, centeched publication 2020	
putients with globiants		
the central nervous syst	Abstract	
DESIGN, SETTING, AND F glicitations where fur	Introduction Turnor Treating Fields (TTFields; antimitotic to	eatment) delivers low-intensity, intermediate-frequency, alter- TFields (200 kHz) was FDA-approved in glioblastoma (GBM),
codections where the	hand on the phase 3 EE.11 (recorrect GBM rGBM) and EE.	14 (newly diagnosed GBM, ndGBM) trials. The most common
at 83 centers (July 2007	TTFields-related adverse event (AE) in both trials was array-	associated skin irritation. We now report on TTFields-related
from this trial was public	AEs in the real-world, clinical practice setting.	
INTERVENTIONS Putient	Methods Unsolicited, post-marketing surveillance data from retrospectively analyzed using MedDRA v21.1 preferred to	TTFields-treated patients (October 2011-February 2019) were streated patients (US_EMEA (Easure Middle East
chemotherapy (x = 460 low-interaty, 200 kHz		ytoma/oligodendroglioma, other brain tumors), and age (<18
4 transducar amays on t	[pediatric], 18-64 [adults], ≥65 [ekkerly]; years of age).	
was administrated to be	Results Of 11,029 patients, 53% were diagnosed with ndGBI	M and 39% were diagnosed with rGBM at any line of disease the male-to-female ratio was ~2:1 (close to published ratios
MAIN OUTCOMES AND IN		TFields related AE was array-associated skin reaction, occur-
secondary and point wa performed for the inter-		astrocytoma/oligodendroglioma (38%), and other brain tumors
	(31%); as well as 37% of pediatric, 34% of adult, and 36% of a	elderly patients. Most skin AEs were mild/moderate and man- Mi/GBM included under-array heat sensation (warmth; 11%,
RESILTS OF the USS-car 6.27 (52%) completed #	10%, respectively) and electric sensation (tinaling: 11%, 9%,	sepectively) and headache (7% 6% respectively)
months in the TTEAMS.	Conclusions This TTFields safety surveillance analysis in >11	,000 patients revealed no new safety concerns, with a favorable
64R.0.63.99% (1.0.52	safety profile comparable with published TTFields/GBM tria	als. The safety profile remained consistent among subgroups,
TTFlakts turnssolumida 99%-CL033L076-P+1	suggesting feasibility in multiple populations, including elder	ny paneno.
TTFaids terrozoikenide	Keywords TTFields - Glioblastorus - Real-world - Safety surv	eillance - Tolerability - Skin adverse events
skin toxicity underseath TWIakh-terroconteration		
	Introduction	100,000, it has high mortality and an extremely poor prog-
EDMCLUSIONS AND REL with globbacherie whet		nosis [3, 4]. Moreover, GBM incidence is generally higher
mainturiance terrestorio	The most common primary brain/central nervous system	in men, with a male-to-female ratio ranging from 1.0 to 1.9
statistically significant a results are considered as	(CNS) cancers in adults are malignant gliomas, including plioblastoma (GBM), anaplastic astrocytoma, and angelastic	[2, 5]. In 2020, 13,140 new cases of GBM are projected in the US, including 6950 cases among people ≥ 65 years of
respire are composed in	olirodendezeliona [1]. GBM is an averasive eliona that	are [2].
THE REPORTS	accounts for 15% of all primary brain/CNS tumors, 48% of	Prior to Tumor Treating Fields (TTFields), the first-line,
JAMA 2012 DRI2D 2006-2 Converted on March 27, 2020	primary malignant CNS turnors, and 57% of all gliomas in the United States (US) [2]. Although GBM is a rare turnor	standard of care (SOC) treatment for patients with newly diarnosed GBM (ndGBM) consisted of maximal safe proc-
Contraction (Contraction) and	type with an estimated slobal GBM incidence of <10 per	tion followed by adjavant radiotherapy (RT) plus concomi-
		tant and maintenance temorolomide (TMZ) chemotherapy
	🖂 Wenyin Shi	[6-3]. Modum overall survival (OS) for GBM ranges from 6.0 to 19.6 months, despite treatment advances in neurosur-
and the second second second	Wenyin Mic @jeffenson.edu	6.0 to 19.6 months, despite treatment advances in neurosar- gery, RT, and chemotherapy [9]. The 1-year survival rate
	Extended author information available on the last page of the article	
	Published online: 13 June 2020	2 Springer

patientforward[®] AE, adverse event; TMZ, temozolomide. Stupp R et al. JAMA. 2017;318(23):2306–2316. Shi et al. J Neurooncol. 2020;148:489-500. Mild to moderate skin irritation was the only device related adverse event

HCPs and patients reported stable quality of life up to 1 year of Optune Gio use

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODES:





patientforward®

© 2024 Novocure GmbH 11

QoL, qualitory of life; HRQoL, health-related quality of life; TMZ, temozolomide. Taphoorn et al. JAMA Oncol. 2018;4(4):495-504. Palmer et al. Front. Oncol 2021;11:772261.

meta-analysis in ndGBM showed significant improvement in OS, and usage >75% consistently prolonged survival, corroborating pivotal trial data

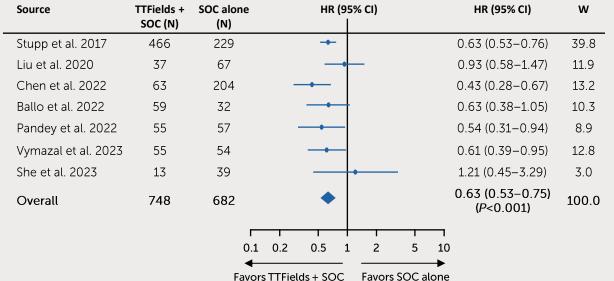
FOR MORE **INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:**



HR (95% CI)	W
0.63 (0.53–0.76) 0.93 (0.58–1.47)	39.8 11.9
0.43 (0.28–0.67)	13.2
0.63 (0.38–1.05) 0.54 (0.31–0.94)	10.3 8.9
0.61 (0.39–0.95)	12.8
1.21 (0.45–3.29) 0.63 (0.53–0.75)	3.0 100.0
(P<0.001)	100.0

Newcoure GraBH, Manich, German Na Homoice Hourstal, Praese, Cauch Republi

Published online: 26 July 202



patientforward®

Ballo et al. J Neurooncol (2023). Published 26 July 2023. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11060-023-04348-w

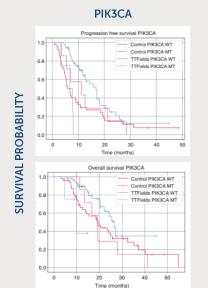
in developing new therapies for these nationts [9]

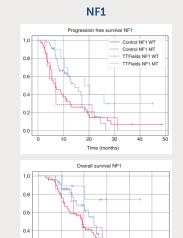
4) Springer

TTFields therapy provide consistent activity for patients with GBM irrespective of molecular alterations

FOR MORE **INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:**





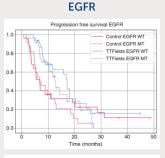


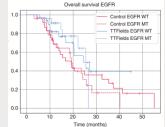
Control NE1 WT

TTFields NF1 WT TTFields NE1 M

Time (months)

--- Control NE1 MT





Neuro-Oncology Advances

Molecular alterations associated with improved outcome in patients with glioblastoma treated with **Tumor-Treating Fields**

Manjari Pandey, Joanne Xiu, Sandeep Mittal, Jia Zeng, Michelle Saul, Santosh Kesari[®], Amir Azadi, Herbert Newton, Karina Deniz, Katherina Ladner, Ashley Sumrali, W. Michael Korn, and Emil Lou[®]

och Institute Memokie Tennessee USA (M.P.): Carls Life Sciences USA (1.X., 1.2. M.S. W.M.K.): Viruinia Tech Carillon School of Medicine, Bosnoke, Viruinia, USA (S.M.): Pacific

Corresponding Author: Emil Lou, MD, PhD, FACE Associate Professor of Medicine, Division of Hematology, Oncology an University of Minnesote, Mayo Meil Code 680, 400 Delaware Street SE, Minnesote, MV SMM, USA Jamii Auritum ed

Background. The penomic and overall biologic landscape of glipblastoma (G8) has become clearer over the part 2 les, as predictive and prognostic biomarkers of both de novo and transformed forms of GB have been iden tilled. The oral chemotheraceutic asset temporlamide (TMZ) has been integral to standard-of-care treatment for nearly 2 decades. More recently, the use of non-pharmacologic interventions, such as application of alternating electric fields, called Tumor Treating Fields (TTFields), has emerged as a complementary treatment option that in ases overall survival (DS) in patients with newly diagnosed G8. The genomic factors associated with improved

Methods. We performed co nprehensive genomic analysis of GB tumora resected from 55 pet to receive treatment using TTEields, and compared results to 57 patients who received standard treatment without

Results. We found that molecular driver alterations in NFL and wild type PICICA and endermal proath factor receptor (EGFR), were associated with increased benefit from TTFields as measured by progressi (PES) and OS There were no differences when stratified by TPS3 status, When NF1, PICICA, and EGER status were ned as a Molecular Survival Score, the combination of the 3 factors significantly correlated with improved OS and PFS in TTFields-treated patients compared to patients not treated with TTFields. Conclusions. These results shed light on potential driver and passenger mutations in OB that can be

predictive biomarkers of response to TTFields treatment, and provide an objective and testable genomic-based approach to assessing response.

Key Points

· Atterations in NF1 were associated with increased benefit from TTFields

 Wild-type PK3CA and EGFR also aligned with increased benefit from this approach These results provide insight into molecular differences that can be validated to tailo

D The Author(s) 2022. Published by Datard University Press, the Society for Neuro-Oncology and the European Association of Neuro-Oncology This is an Oper Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commun. Attributes License <u>Https://onerootcommun.org/icenseu</u>.

patientforward

© 2024 Novocure GmbH 13

Pandey et al. Neuro-Oncology Advances. Volume 4, Issue 1, January-December 2022. https://doi.org/10.1093/noajnl/vdac096

0.2

0.0

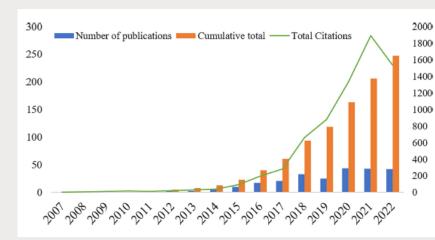
Ó 10 20 30 40 50

the therapeutic potential of TTFields therapy becoming a research "hotspot"

FOR MORE **INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:**



Tritt Review Potstavetto 10 November 2022 Intel 10 3350/fear 2022 105530



Number of annual publications, annual cumulative number of publications and annual total citations of TTFields related literature from 2007 to September 2022. (Decline in 2022 citations due to partial year)

28.5%

AVERAGE INCREASE IN THE CUMULATIVE NUMBER OF PUBLICATIONS **RELATED TO TTFIELDS**

Research on application of tumor treating fields in glioblastoma: A bibliometric and visual analysis

Xue Du^{1,2}, Chunbao Chen², Yu Xiao³, Yu Cui^{1,2}, Lu Yang^{1,2} Xiaochun Li^{1,2}, Xueping Liu^{1,2}, Ruisi Wang^{1,2} and Bangxian Tan^{1,2}*

PEOALTY SECTOR This article was submitten Neuron-Oncology and Neurosurgical Oncology a section of the journal Frontiers in-Oncology INCOVED 27 September 20 ACCOVED 24 October 202 POSLENED 10 November 2

Frontiers | Frontiers in Oncology

() Check for updates

9 2022 Du, Chers Xiao, Gui, Yang I Ar, Wang and Tan. This is an open-

tornto av Doal 8 syled

Background: Globlastoma, one of the com system (CNS), is prone to recurrence even after standard treatment protocols. As an innovative physiotherapy method emerging in recent years, the tumor treating fields (TTFields) technique has been approved for the treatment of glioblastoma due to its non-invasive and portable features. The purpose of this itudy is to visualize and analyze the scientific results and research trends in TTReids therapy for glioblastoma

Methods: Publications related to TTFields therapy for glioblastoma were searched in the Web of Science Core Collection (WoSCC) database in September 2022. A bibliometric and visual analysis of publications in this field was performed mainly using CiteSpace and R software for country/region author, journal, reference and keyword

Results: A total of 618 publications in this field were retrieved, and 248 wer finally obtained according to the search criteria, including 159 articles (64.11% and 99 reviews (17 99 %). The curry daths purpher of publications increased was by year, with an average growth rate (AGR) of 28.50%. The test results of Pearson correlation coefficient showed a high positive correlation between publications and citations (=0.937, p=0.001). The USA had the largest number of publications (123, 49.60%), followed by Germany (32, 12.90%) and China (50 12.10%). As for the country/region collaborations, the USA cooperated most closely with other countries/regions, followed by Germany and China. The degree of collaboration (DC) between countries/regions was 25.81%. The institutions with the largest number of publications were Tel Aviv Univ (10) Harvard Med Sch (10) and Novocure Ltd (10). Moreover, Wong E (18) possessed the greatest number of publications, followed by Weinberg U (11) and Kirson E (10). The DC between authors was 97.58%. STUPP R (256) was the most cited suthor followed by KIRSON ED (164) and GILADI M (104). JOURNAL OF NEURO-ONCOLOGY (22) was the journal with the largest number of published publications (75), followed by FRONTIERS IN ONCOLOGY (15) and

patientforward

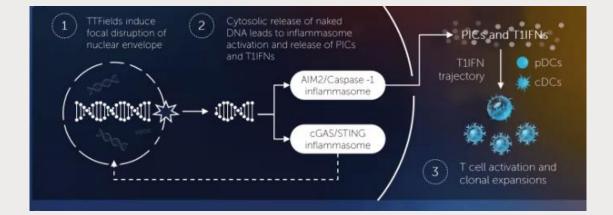
© 2024 Novocure GmbH 14

Du et al. Front. Oncol., 10 November 2022 Sec. Neuro-Oncology and Neurosurgical Oncology; https://doi.org/10.3389/fonc.2022.1055366

TTFields therapy activates inflammasomes to induce adjuvant immunity in GBM

FOR MORE **INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:**





The Journal of Clinical Investigatio

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Tumor Treating Fields dually activate STING and AIM2 inflammasomes to induce adjuvant immunity in glioblastoma

Dongliang Chen,¹ Son B. Le,¹ Tarun E. Hutchinson,¹ Anda-Alexandra Calinescu,¹ Mathew Sebastian,² Dan Jin,¹ Tianvi Liu Ashley Chiaseddin,' Maryam Rahman,' and David D. Tran'

Distion of Neuro Decelogy and Prester A. Wells, Jr. Center for Stain Terror Therapy, Lillian Medicine Calmonities Fibrida USA

fumor Treating Fields (TTFields), an approved therapy for glioblastoma (GBM) an noninvasive application of low-intensity, intermediate-frequency, alternating electric fields to disrupt the mitotic spindl some missegregation and apoptosis. Emerging evidence suggests that TTFields may also induce wever, the mechanism underlying this property and whether it can be harnessed therapeutically as Here, we report that TTFields induced focal disruption of the nuclear envelope, leading to cytosolic release of large micronuc ruited and activated 2 major DNA sensors - cyclic GMP-AMP synthase (cGAS) a eron genes (STINC) and AIM2/caspase 1 nd their cognate cGAS/stimulator of inte roinflammatory cytokines, type 1 interferons (T1IFNs), and T1IFN-responsive genes. In syngeneic murine GBA odels. TTFields-treated GBM cells induced antitumor memory immunity and a cure rate of 42% to 66% in a STINC- and t manner. Using single-cell and bulk RNA sequencing of peripheral blood mononuclear cells, we detected robust post-TTFields activation of adaptive immunity in patients with GBM via a T1IFN-based trajectory and identified a ger panel signature of TTFields effects on T cell activation and cional expansion. Collectively, these studies defined a steev usine TTFields as cancer immun

Introduction

Glioblastoma (GBM) is the most common and lethal brain cancer nia and anergy and dysfunctional cytokine profiles among others, cell-based (DC-based) vaccination, immune checkpoint blockad GBM tumors also possess a profoundly immunosuppressed or cold rewiring the cytokine milieu, or disrupting BBB integrity to recru cells, including myeloid-derived suppressor cells (MDSCs) and in revening the im emlatory T cells (Trens). The cold GBM TME expresses high levr cells' profound genetic heterogeneity (3). In addition, the ood brain barrier (BBB) prevents exposure of tumor-associated

reoantigens to immune cells and vice versa, severely hinderin immunotherapeutic efforts (2). Overcoming these hurfles promi tamor-specific cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTLs) (4). However, i remains a challenge to leverage a direct, active role of tamor cells congregenitive state of the GBM TME.

By targeting the motility, alignment, and assembly of mach s required for the mitotic spindle structure during met phase and the contractile ring during anaphase, telophase, an cytokinesis of the cell cycle, Turnor Treating Fields (TTFields cause chromosome misserregation and breakage and incomple breast cancer 1-mediated (BRCA1-mediated) homolog on pathways by interfering with DNA fork replication (8-1) and induce endoplasmic reticulum stress during mitosis to trigge adenosine monophosphate-activated protein kinase-depender autophagosome formation, through increased lipidation of pro-tein light chain 3 u/jF4 (LC3A/IF-I) to form LC3A/IF-II (11). Recent reports also revealed TTFFelds' ability to electroporate the plasma

JCI

patientforward

GBM, glioblastoma; Chen et al. J Clin Invest. 2022;132(8):e149258. https://doi.org/10.1172/JCl149258

there is early evidence of efficacy in newly diagnosed GBM patients when TTFields therapy is added to immune checkpoint inhibitors

FOR MORE **INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:**



BTRT /FNOS 2022 Top 10 Sension 2 / March 26 (Sat). 10:15-11:3 Phase 2 study of pembrolizumab plus TTFields plus temozolomide in patients with newly diagnosed glioblastoma (2-THE-TOP) David Tran. Ashiev Ghipseddin. Donpilang Chen. Marvam Rahman Department of Neurosurgery, Division of Neuro-Oncology, University of Fiorida, United State independent Unregative data indicate that T'ITields, the new anti-mitotic treatment for GBM, stimulate immunity via the type-1 interfe-THPN) pathway of STING and AIM2 inflammasomes. Thus, we hypothesize that TTFields synergize with immune checkpoint inhibitors t educe anti-tumor immunity in GBM. Methode We conducted a phase 2 study combining peribrolizumab, TTFields and maintenance TMZ in 24 patients with newly dis (BM (mk(BM), To distinguish mummer effects of TFridde from combeditionab). TTrickle was started at cycle 1 of TMZ and combroli mab (200 mg Q3 weeks) at cycle 2. The primary endpoint was PPS vs. the historical control of TTFields plus TMZ (IAMA/318:2306-2316) imune signatures of TTFields and pembrolizumab by single-cell aeroenics of PBMCs. Secondary endosints included toxicity and OS tenults: As of 09/24/2021, 26 patients with a median age of 60 years were ennilled. Fourteen (54%) had biopsy only or subtotal Ninetsen (79%) had unmethilated MGMT and 3 (12%) had an IDH mutation. The median follow on your 10 and 14.2 months for PFS and respectively. Thirteen (50%) were progression-free and 16 (62%) were alive. Of 22 patients with follow-up 29 months, the median PPS >11.1 vs. 6.7 months in the control. Six (20%) natients with measurable turnors have achieved partial to control the objective response. We se-

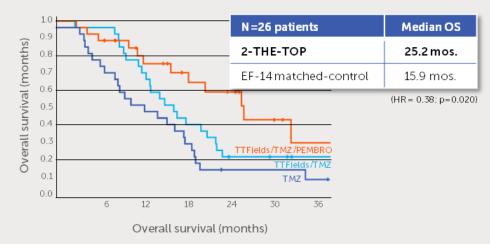
pienced 193,760 PBMCs in 12 patients before and after TTFields and detected robust post-TTFields T cell activation in 11 of 12 patients v be THFN trajectory, which was strongly correlated with TCRab closed expansion (Spearman coefficient r=-0.8, r=0.014). Importantly, we defined a T cell-based gene signature of TTFields effects on TCRab clonal expansion. The most common series

Conclusion: The triple combination is well tolerated and shows early evidence of efficacy in ndGBM patients. Survival and molecular data will be undated

book seince and metabolic distorbances in 4 (19%), 3 (12%), and 2 (8%) natients, respectively Serviceds TTFields im notherapy; pembrolizumab; STING; single cell analysis

Overall Survival

2-THE-TOP single arm study vs. external controls



patientforward

Tran et al. Oral presentation at WFNOS 2022 Top 10 Session 2 / March 26 (Sat), 10:15-11:30

STELLAR Phase 2 trial evaluated TTFields therapy + pemetrexed and cisplatin or carboplatin in MPM

N = 80

Previously Untreated, Unresectable MPM

- Pathological or histological evidence of MPM
- Locally advanced or metastatic disease
- ECOG performance status of 0 or 1

TTFields (150 kHz, ≥ 18 h/day) + Pemetrexed/cisplatin or pemetrexed/carboplatin (up to 6 cycles)

TTFields alone until disease progression

Follow-up for survival

Start date: February 2015 Primary completion: April 2018 Study completion: April 2018 Study sites: 13 (Europe)

Primary endpoints:

• OS

Baseline

Secondary endpoints:

PFS, ORR (modified RECIST criteria for MPM), safety

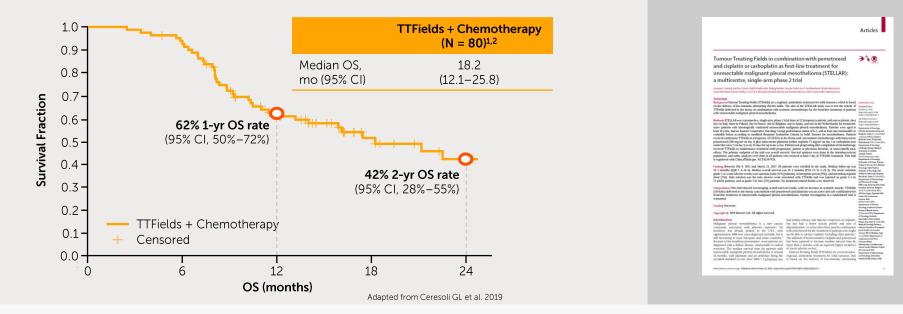
patientforward®

ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; MPM, malignant pleural mesothelioma; OS, overall survival; ORR, objective response rate; PFS, progression-free survival; RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. ClinicalTrials.gov. <u>NCT02397928</u>. Accessed June 15, 2022.

MPM patients who used Optune Lua first line achieved 18.2 months median OS

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:

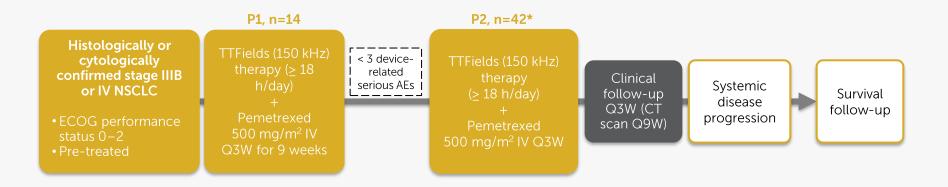




patientforward®

Cl, confidence interval; OS, overall survival; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. Reference: Ceresoli GL et al. Lancet Oncol. 2019;20(12):1702–1709.

EF-15 Phase 2 trial evaluated TTFields therapy + pemetrexed in NSCLC



Start date: May 2008 Primary completion: July 2011 Study completion: July 2011 Study sites: 4 (Switzerland)

Primary endpoints:

Device related toxicity (P1), Time to in-field progression (P2)

Secondary endpoints:

OS, ORR, time to systemic progression, safety

patientforward*

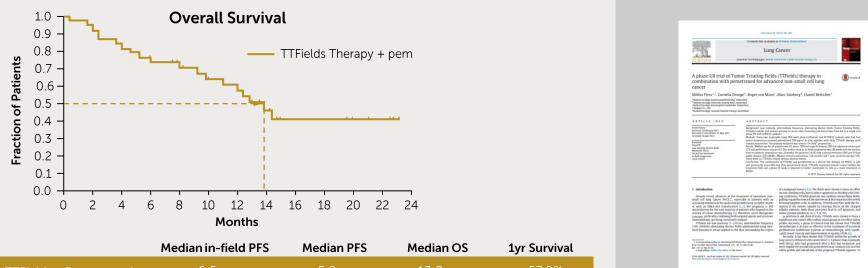
*One out of the 42 patients enrolled was excluded from the analysis due to brain metastasis on screening.

AE, adverse event; CT, computerized tomography; ECOG PS, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; IV, intravenous; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; ORR, overall response rate; OS, overall survival; P, phase; Q3W, every 3 weeks; Q9W, every 9 weeks; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. ClinicalTrials.gov, NCT00749346. Accessed June 15, 2022.

TTFields therapy together with pemetrexed improved disease control within the treatment field in second line NSCLC

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:





TTFields + Pemetrexed	6.5 mo	5.0 mo	13.8 mo	57.0%
Pemetrexed alone	n/a	2.9 mo	8.3 mo	29.7%

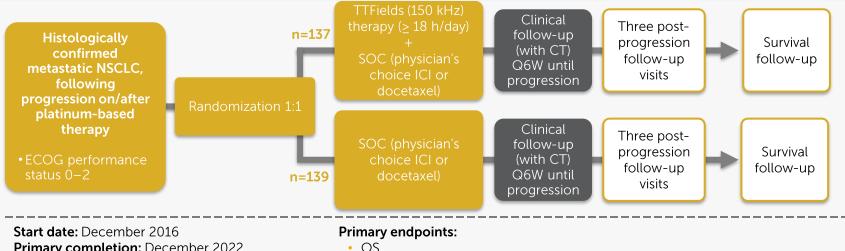
patientforward®

Pem, pemetrexed; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields; PFS, progression-free survival; OS overall survival. Pless M et al. *Lung Cancer*. 2013;81(3):445-450.

© 2024 Novocure GmbH 20

TTFields are experimental for the treatment of patients with non-small cell lung cancer and have not been approved by the US Food and Drug Administration for this indication nor received a CE mark in Europe.

LUNAR Phase 3 trial evaluated TTFields therapy + SOC in metastatic NSCLC, post-platinum



Primary completion: December 2022 Study completion: December 2022 Study sites: 124

Secondary endpoints:

OS (by cohort), PFS, ORR, QoL, safety

patientforward

CT, computerized tomography; ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; ICI, immune checkpoint inhibitor; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; ORR, overall response rate; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival; Q6W, every 6 weeks; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. ClinicalTrials.gov. NCT02973789

© 2024 Novocure GmbH 21

TTFields therapy together with either standard of care therapies or immune checkpoint inhibitor improved overall survival in second-line NSCLC

FOR MORE **INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:**

Articles



🗃 🍾 📵 Tumor Treating Fields therapy with standard systemic

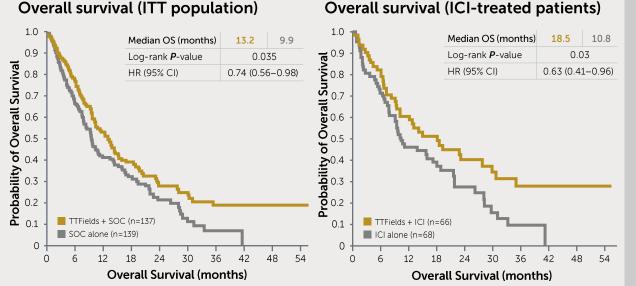
open-label, pivotal phase 3 study

consists (), 2023 Election 1nd, All rights reserve

therapy versus standard systemic therapy alone in

metastatic non-small-cell lung cancer following progression

on or after platinum-based therapy (LUNAR): a randomised,



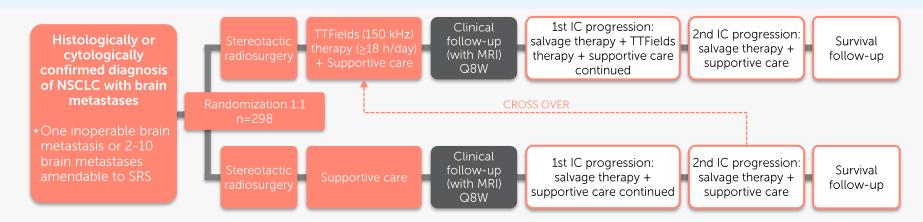
Overall survival (ICI-treated patients)

patientforward

ICI, immune checkpoint inhibitor; ITT, intent to treat; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. Leal et al. Lancet Oncol 2023; 24: 1002-17

© 2024 Novocure GmbH 22

METIS Phase 3 trial evaluated TTFields therapy + supportive care in NSCLC brain metastases, following SRS



Start date: October 2016 Primary completion: March 2023 Study sites: 125

Primary endpoints:

• Time to intracranial progression

Secondary endpoints:

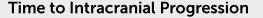
 Time to neurocognitive failure, OS, radiological response rate, time to 2nd intracranial progression, time to 1st and 2nd progression by cohort (1-4 metastases, 5-10 metastases), rate of intracranial progression at two-month intervals, time to distant progression, rate of cognitive decline, neurocognitive failure-free survival, guality of life, adverse events

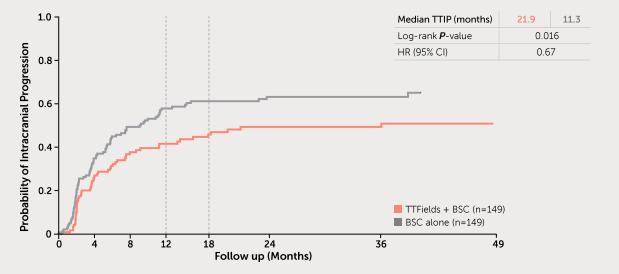
patientforward[®] IC, intracranial; MRI, magnetic resonance imaging: NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; OS, overall survival; Q8W, every 8 weeks; SRS, stereotactic radiosurgery; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. ClinicalTrials.gov. <u>NCT02831959</u>.

TTFields therapy with supportive care following SRS improved time to intracranial progression in patients with brain metastases from NSCLC

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:







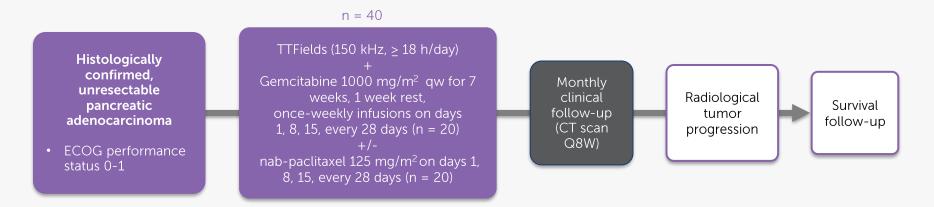
	CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM TUMORS	(R) Check for update
	2908	Drail Abstract Session
	Results from METIS (EF-25), an international, n study evaluating the efficacy and safety of tumor in NSCLC patients with brain metastases.	
	We diff We have been different of positional, a beel heaps, human die. Tweer sit Were diff. Anticken, and the Franch Albeet Header Scherk auf der Beschler Were different der Scherk auf der Beschler auf der Scherk auf der Beschler Die Weiter (2, Carlor Hand) hand finder fahr der Beschler auf der Beschler Die Weiter (2, Carlor Hand) auf der Beschler, Beschler auf der Beschler Die Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Die Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler aus der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Beschler Beschler auf der Beschler auf der Bes	intian Frequebag, Titor Culturi, Paul D. Brown, Miscelej Harnt, Mianel nanewskie auf Narthiesetzen Heddine Proton Center, Warenslle, B., Loncalga, Edipada, Karlik Dapantene et Al Matalano Onschage, Maya unbigkal Institute McGill University, Montreal, GC, Canada; of Aladam at Binningham, Binningham, A.; Woltat Prine Chairval, dr. Baitwenskii University, Amartha, Alamin, Jaan Magdum-Dochek
Marked from proceedings of the 2.4.4.7.7 (from the 14, 2014 Arms and 2.4.4.97) 310 "Styleful C 1004 American Science of Chinal Data (edit 2.4.4.97) and a structure "Styleful C 1004 American Science of Chinal Data (edit 2.4.4.97).	an adjustment of trains and the size of the product (NGC) with both measurements of the size of the s	maintain faithern, these Miller ynderen is a the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second

mainly demainling(a), and Grade v3. TYridde Henry also improved distributions of works of polsibution strains, physical functioning, and aligne according to QoL, and a not negatively impact capatition. Conclusions: MUTS study must its primary endpoint, and straining that TYTHIGH therapy following B(s) in matation meaning MUTCL plantes with B significantly primage time in interactival progression and could postpore WRT, without Q and countils do defined. Children Hand Barter Mutcle Strainer, Bearran and Counter Handwice Strainer. Hence MUTCLE and Alignment Handwice Strainer. Hence Handwice Strainer Handwice Strainer Handwice Strainer. Hence Handwice Strainer Handwic

patientforward*

BSC, best supportive care; HR, hazard ratio; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; SRS, stereotactic radiosurgery; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields; TTIP, time to intracranial progression. Mehta et al. Results from METIS (EF-25), an international, multicenter phase III randomized study evaluating the efficacy and safety of tumor treating fields (TTFields) therapy in NSCLC patients with brain metastases. *JCO* 42 2008-2008(2024). doi:10.1200/JCO.2024.42.16_suppl.2008

PANOVA phase 2 trial evaluated TTFields therapy + gemcitabine +/- nab-paclitaxel in pancreatic cancer



Start date: Nov 2013 Primary completion date: Dec 2017 Study completion date: Dec 2017 Study sites: 6 (Europe)

Primary endpoint:

• Safety

Secondary endpoints:

TTFields monthly usage, PFS, OS

patientforward®

CT, computerized tomography; ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; ORR, objective response rate; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival; PFS6, progression-free survival; PFS6, progression-free survival; ate 6 months; qw, every week; Q8W, every 8 weeks; SR, survival rate. ClinicalTrials.gov. [NCT01971281]. Accessed December 21, 2020.

TTFields therapy together with chemotherapy were well tolerated for patients with advanced pancreatic cancer

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:



Fraction of Patients	1.0 C S 0.8 - C S 0.6 - C 0.4 - C 0.2 - C	5 (ITT)	OS Median, mo 95% CI 1-year surviv	8.4	NR NA 2%		Image: State Stat	terretorpee
l		9 12 15 Median PFS	Median OS	One-year Survival	Partial Response Rate	Stable Disease	Kannor Harris C. S. Sanor Harris C.	ore interiory alternative electric field, with assessments electricity and patients in Fig. Jose - 1990/0004 sub- plication and patients in Fig. Jose - 1990/0004 sub- plication and the second
	TTFields + gemcitabine	8.3 mo	14.9 mo	55%	30%	30%	we 127 months (955 C1 3.4, NA); median OS Convinsion: The WMOXDA table downstrated of therapy is also downstrated of therapy is also downstrated of former service of this shares 2 subset a constraint former service of this shares 2 subset a constraint	tai not been reached. I at the combinition of TTFields and spitemic chemis- dwarced ITUAC. Based on the safety and preliminary ef- ril phase 5 simply (2010/01-3) is underneey. This is an open across action under the CC INVAC-ND
	gemcitabine alone	3.7 mo	6.7 mo	22%	7%	28%	Parcnaic decial descurations (PIIAC) is the right In lately case of caver metrality in men and ninth in women workforder attic caver of the cave of the caver of the cave of the cave of the caver of the caver of caver of the caver of caver of the caver	c. ody 152 of patients an candidates for curative in 121 FOLTBRNCK (becowink, 5-HL) interferant, in 124 FOLTBRNCK (becowink, 5-HL) interferant recommonly prescribed for unservice/table patient- ents with modes survival benefit, FOLTBRNCK is interviventing pod performance attance and a lawerable diffu, while generizations in conditionation with rub- arrendry the mast common initial regiment for
	TTFields + gemcitabine + nab-paclitaxel	12.7 mo	Not yet reached	72%	40%	47%	nyarijenialenaldinian (M. Bearriles), galega joritypan; (J. Galega), ennen, policerhalad radiology (C. Galles Pour), jakyez biochadal machidary 7. Journel 1990 (M. Galles Pour), jakyez biochadal machidary	sectable patients [5], ing Fields (TTFields) are a non-invasive, regional transit with minimal systemic toxicity. Based on the
	gemcitabine + nab-paclitaxel alone	5.5 mo	8.5 mo	35%	23%	27%		

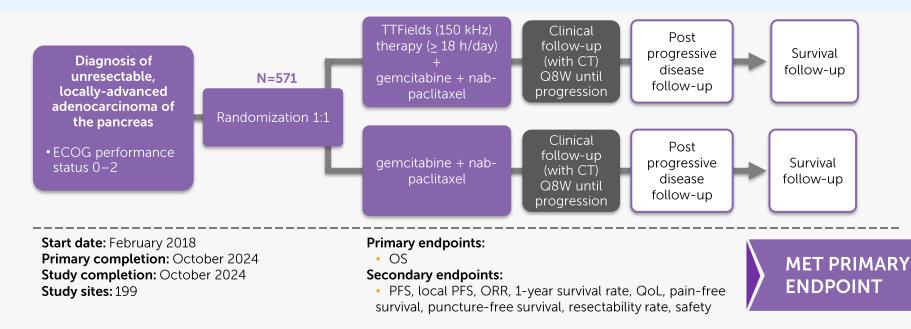
patientforward®

CT, computerized tomography; ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival; QW, every week; Q8W, every 8 weeks; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. Rivera F et al. *Pancreatology*. 2019;19(1):64-72.

© 2024 Novocure GmbH 26

TTFields are experimental for the treatment of patients with pancreatic cancer and have not been approved by the US Food and Drug Administration for this indication nor received a CE mark in Europe.

PANOVA-3 Phase 3 trial evaluated TTFields therapy + gemcitabine + nab-paclitaxel in unresectable, locally advanced pancreatic cancer



patientforward®

encouraging response rate and durability signals in EF-31 phase 2 gastric cancer trial

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:



EF-31 PHASE 2 PILOT TRIAL DESIGN¹

screening and baseline evaluation (n=26)	TTFields + XELOX (+trastuzumab for HER2+ pts) q3w		CT/MRI scan q9w until progression		survival follow-up q12w
---	---	--	--------------------------------------	--	----------------------------

	OBJECTIVE RESPONSE RATE	MEDIAN PROGRESSION- FREE SURVIVAL	DURATION OF RESPONSE	ONE-YEAR SURVIVAL
TTFields + chemotherapy	50%	7.8mo	10.3mo	72%
SOC chemotherapy ²	41-45%	6.9mo	6.9mo	48%

patientforward®

clinicaltrials.gov. [NCT04281576]; 2. CheckMate 649, clinicaltrials.gov. [NCT02872116], Lancet 2021



FOR MORE **INFORMATION, USE** THE QR CODE:



HEPANOVA PHASE 2 PILOT TRIAL DESIGN²

patientforward®

screening and baseline evaluation	daily sorafenib	llow-up q4w + /MRI scan q12w f ntil progression	-progression survival follow-up follow-up
76%	9.5%	91%	18%
DISEASE CONTROL RATE (n=21)	OBJECTIVE RESPONSE RATE (n=21)	DISEASE CONTROL RATE	OBJECTIVE RESPONSE RATE
VS. 43% CONTROL ³	VS. 4.5% CONTROL	patients that received	\geq 12 wks of TTFields (n=11)

Gkika E et al. Cancers Cancers (Basel). 2022 Mar 18;14(6):1568. doi: 10.3390/cancers14061568. 1.

Novocure, Ltd. Effect of Tumor Treating Fields (TTFields, 150kHz) Concomitant With Sorafenib For Advanced Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) (HEPANOVA) In: 2. ClinicalTrials.gov [Internet]. Bethesda (MD): National Library of Medicine (US). 2000-[cited 2018 October]. Available from: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT03606590. NLM Identifier:NCT03606590 3

Llovet JM et al. N. Engl. J. Med. 2008;359:378-390. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa0708857

2025-2026 anticipated clinical development milestones

		TRIAL	TTFIELDS +	PHASE 2	PHASE 3	APPROVED
	EF-14		ТМZ			×
	aliablactoma	TRIDENT	TMZ + radiation		DATA IN 2026	
CNS indications	glioblastoma	KEYNOTE D58	TMZ + pembrolizumab		enrolling	
		EF-11	monotherapy (recurrent GBM)			V
	brain metastases	METIS	monotherapy	SUBI	MISSION IN 2025	
		LUNAR	docetaxel or PD-L1 inhibitor (2L)			V
	non-small cell lung cancer	LUNAR-2	pembrolizumab + platinum (1L)		enrolling	
torso		LUNAR-4	pembrolizumab (2L retreatment)	enrolling		
indications	mesothelioma STELLAR		pemetrexed + cisplatin/carboplatin			V
	pancreatic	PANOVA-3	nab-paclitaxel + gemcitabine (LAPC)	SUBI	MISSION IN 2025	
	cancer	PANOVA-4	atezolizumab + nab-paclitaxel + gemcitabine (MPC)	DATA IN 2026		

patientforward®

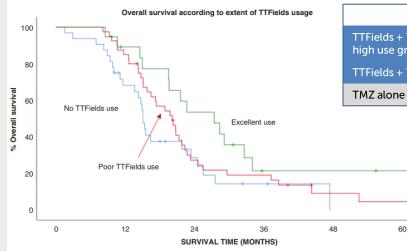


patientforward®

real-world evidence showed ndGBM median overall survival extension by over 12 months in the high use TTFields group

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:





	Median OS	
TTFields + TMZ high use group (n=19)	28.0 mo	
TTFields + TMZ (n=40)	20.0 mo	
TMZ alone (n=32)	15.0 mo	

Neuro-Oncology Advances

4(1), 1-8, 2822 | https://doi.org/10.1000/nosjii/vdisc158 | Advance Access date 15 September 20

Determinants of tumor treating field usage in patients with primary glioblastoma: A single institutional experience

Matthew T. Ballo, Kaitlin W. Qualls, L. Madison Michael, Jeffrey M. Sorenson, Brandon Baughman Saradasri Kant-Wellikoff, and Manjari Pandey

Department of Radiation Oncology, West Concer Center & Research Institute, Mempilis, Transsee, USA (N.T.B., KW Q.J. New company, Semmes-Kanpheny Neuroamapper (Crinic, Mempilis, Tennesse, USA (M. M., J.M. S., B.J. Department of Medical Oncology, West Cancer Center and Research Institute, Mempilis, Tennessee, USA (S.K.W. MLP)

Corresponding Author: Matthew T. Ballo, MO, Department of Radiation Oncology; West Cancer Center and Research Institute; 7945 Wolf River Blvd; Germantown, TN 28138, USA (infaulto if weetding; corri)

Abstract

Statyment, Duerwinsten of humor transfer fablic (TTFrieduk usage) in galaxies seeving unonitied modulity through for primicy (PM and PM and PM

proved survival independent of other factors.

Key Point

 It is reasonable to offer all patients with primary glioblastomaTTFields therapy as we could not identify a group that was more or less likely to discontinue therapy. Primarbies to initiate therapy. Philansis benefit from TTFields regardless of tumor or patient characteristics.

Globlasterum is the meet extension and aggressive prevents and terrostationals (FMC) descriptionary, median evenal surmaligness territoris tumor diagnoset in adulta and has a pour visit has historically taken only K44 months.¹² Topologicals, with only 5%-VM-of policities bagins for years following disposits, from with the territorial gradient of experitation of adultation territory. Intermediate Squares, 200 Media data with the territorial gradient territory.

© The Author(s) 2022. Published by Debrd University Press, the Society for Neuro-Oncology and the European Associated on Neuro-Oncology. This are Open Access and/or dorb made univer the terms of the Openie Common Anti-Adatoc Locena (http://society.common.org/intersectly=0.0), which premiss remainted in was, domained, not proceed on an an endesity prediction on type and/or total.



ndGBM, newly diagnosed glioblastoma; OS, overall survival; TMZ, temozolomide, TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. Mild to moderate skin irritation was the most common device related side effect. High use group >2 months use and ≥75% usage. Low use group <75% usage or <2 months use. Ballo et al. Neuro-Oncology Advances, Volume 4, Issue 1, January-December 2022, vdac150, https://doi.org/10.1093/noajnl/vdac150

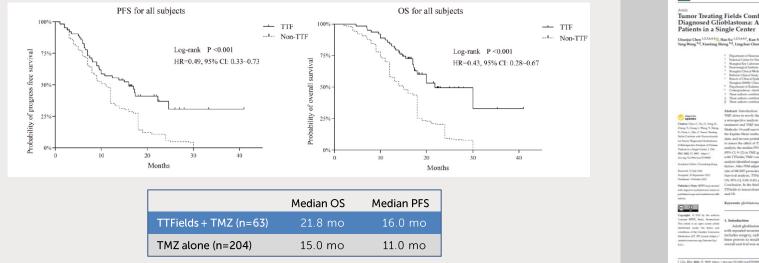
MDPI

real-world evidence validates EF-14 with statistically significant improvement in PFS and OS in Chinese patients with ndGBM

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:

> Sound of Clinical Medicine







patientforward[®]

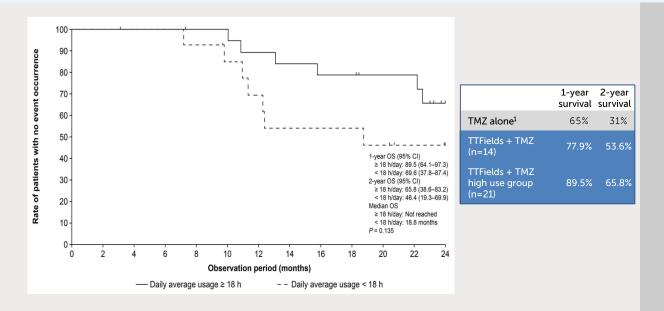
HR, hazard ratio; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival; TMZ, temozolomide; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. Mild to moderate skin irritation was the most common device related side effect. Chen et al. J. Clin. Med. Volume 11, 5855. https://doi.org/10.3390/jcm11195855

https://www.audpl.com/prateal/jem-

post-approval study supports safety and efficacy profile of TTFields therapy in ndGBM Japanese patients, validating EF-14 improved survival rates

FOR MORE **INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:**





Original Article Safety and efficacy of tumour-treating fields (TTFields) therapy for newly diagnosed glioblastoma in Japanese patients using the Novo-TTF System: a prospective post-approval study Ryo Nishikawa⁹, Fumiyuki Yamasaki⁹, Yoshiki Arakawa⁹,

Yoshihiro Muragaki⁴, Yoshitaka Narita⁵, Shota Tanaka⁶, Shigeru Yamaguchi⁷, Akitake Mukasa⁸ and Masayuki Kanamori ent of Neuro-Oncology/Neurosurgery, Saltama Medical University International Medi-

Japan, ²Department of Neurosurgery, Hiroshima University Hospital, Hiroshima, Japan, ²Department of Neurosurgory, Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine, Kyoto, Japan, ⁴Department of Neurosurgery, Tek Women's Medical University Hospital, Tokyo, Japan, "Department of Neurosurgery and Neuro-Oncology, National Center Center Hospital, Takyo, Japan, "Department of Neurosurger, The University of Neurosurge Hospital, Japan, "Department of Neurosurgery, Hokkaido University Hospital, Saporo, Japan, "Department of Neurosurger Kumameto University Hospital, Kumamoto, Japan and ⁹Department of Neurosurgery, Tahoku University Hospita Sendai, Japan

"For requirits and all correspondence: Rvo Nishikawa, Saltama Medical University International Medical Cent Department of Neuro-Oncology/Neurosurgery, 1397-1 Yamane, Hidaka-shi, Saitama 350-1298, Japan. E-meit mishika2010@ameil.com

Received 19 July 2022 Revised 17 November 2022 Editorial Devision 30 December 2022 Accested 3 January 202

Abstract

Background: Tumour-treating fields therapy is a locoregional, anti-cancer treatm and safety of tumour-treating fields therapy in adults with newly diagnosed glioblastoma were demonstrated in the pivotal phase 3 EF-14 study (NCT00916409). Here, we report post-approva data of fumountreating fields therapy in Japanese patients with newly disgnosed glioblastoma. Methods: Unsolicited post-marketing surveillance data from Japanese patients with newly diag nosed glioblastoma treated with tumour-treating fields therapy (December 2016-June 2020) were retrograptively analysist. The primary andpoints were skin, neurological and psychiatric advance repropertively analysed. The primary endpoints were skin, neurological and psychiatric adverse events. The secondary endpoints were 1- and 2-year overall survival rates, and the 6-mont progression-free survival, adverse events were analysed using MedDRA v24.0. The overall surviva and progression-free survival were assessed using the Kaplan-Meier survival analysis (log-rank testing). The Cox proportional hazard regression analyses were also performed. Results: Forty patients with newly diagnosed globlastoma were enrolled (62.5% male; median age 59 years; median baseline Karnofsky Performance Scale score 90). The most common

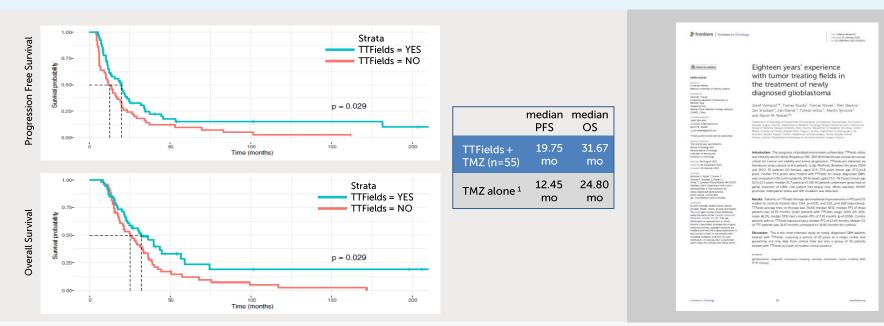
tumour-treating-fields-therapy-related adverse event was beneath-array local skin reaction (60% of patients). The adverse events were mostly mild to moderate in severity. Neurological disorders were observed in 2.5% patients (one patient reported dysethesia). No psychiatric disorders were sported. The 1- and 2-year overall survival rates were 729% (95% CI 60.5-88.3) and 53.6% (35.5-8.7%), respectively. The 6-month progression-free survival was 77.5% (61.2-87.6%). These survival Author(s) 2023. Published by Defard University Press.

patientforward[•] 1) Results from the EF-14 study, Stupp R et al. JAMA. 2017;318(23):2306–2316. ndGBM, newly diagnosed glioblastoma: OS anarthy in the state of t ndGBM, newly diagnosed glioblastoma; OS, overall survival; TMZ, temozolomide; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. Mild to moderate skin irritation was the most common device related side effect. High use group daily average usage ≥18 hours. Low use group daily average usage <18 hours. Nishikawa et al. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2023; https://doi.org/10.1093/jjco/hyad001

long term study of ndGBM patients, covering 18-year period, confirms TTFields' positive effect on PFS and OS

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:





1) Results from the EF-14 study, Stupp R et al. JAMA. 2017;318(23):2306-2316.

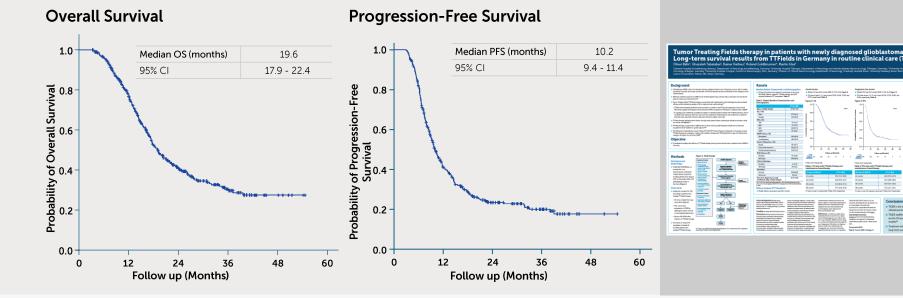
patientforward®

ndGBM, newly diagnosed glioblastoma; OS, median overall survival; PFS, median progression-free survival; TMZ, temozolomide; TTFields, Tumor Treating Fields. Mild to moderate skin irritation was the most common device related side effect. Vymazal J, et al. Front. Oncol. 12:1014455. doi: 10.3389/fonc.2022.1014455 TIGER study of routine clinical care in German ndGBM patients corroborates overall survival and safety outcomes from EF-14

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:



novœure



patientforward[®] ndGBM, newly diagnosed glioblastoma; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival. Bähr et al. Tumor treating fields (TTFields) therapy in patients with glioblastoma: Long-term survival results from TTFields in Germany in routine clinical care (TIGER) study. JCO 42 2036-2036 (2024). doi:10.1200/JCO.2024.42.16_suppl.2036

review article identifies TTFields therapy as one of few factors driving increased overall survival in GBM patients since the 2005 Stupp-protocol

FOR MORE **INFORMATION USE THE QR** CODE:

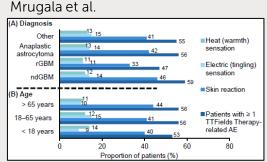


Neff et al.

Characteristic				p-value
Age (years)	19,414	1.02	1.02, 1.03	<0.001
Sex				
Female	8,046	-	-	reference
Male	11,368	1.10	1.07, 1.14	< 0.001
Elixhauser Comorbidity Score	19,414	1.01	1.01, 1.01	<0.001
Tumor-Treating Fields (ever)				
No	16,353	-	-	reference
Yes	3,061	0.77	0.73, 0.80	<0.001
Received radiation or radiosurgery (ever)				
No	7,370	-	_	reference
Yes	12,044	0.88	0.85, 0.91	<0.001
Bevacizumab (ever)				
No	15,741	-	-	reference
Yes	3,673	0.85	0.82, 0.88	<0.001

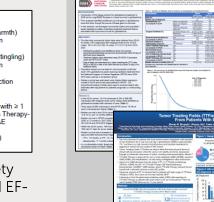
In this commercially insured dataset, TTFields improved OS to a greater extent (HR=0.77) vs. Bevacizumab (HR=0.85) or Radiation use (HR=0.88)

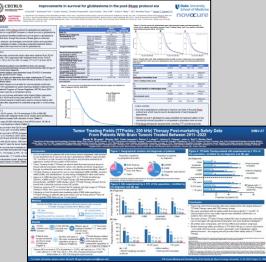
TTFields subset n=3,061 over 6 years



AEs were consistent with the safety profile from the pivotal EF-11 and EF-14 clinical studies

n=23,822 over 11 years





patientforward®

Neff et al. Improvements in Survival for Glioblastoma in the post-Stupp Protocol Era. 27th Annual Meeting and Education Day of the Society for Neuro-Oncology, November 17-20, 2022, Tampa, FL: SNO; 2022. Abstract EPID-06 Mrugala et al. Tumor Treating Fields (TTFields; 200 kHz) Therapy Post-marketing Safety Data From Patients With Brain Tumors Treated Between 2011–2022. 27th

© 2024 Novocure GmbH 38

Annual Meeting and Education Day of the Society for Neuro-Oncology, November 17–20, 2022, Tampa, FL; SNO; 2022, Abstract INNV-07

patientforward®

tumor treating fields mechanism of action appendix

patientforward™

patients with aggressive solid tumors often face suboptimal survival outcomes, despite advancements in treatment modalities

These outcomes are due to diverse treatment challenges, including:



additional treatment strategies

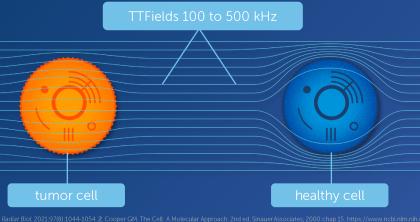


 Siegel RL, Miller KD, Fuchs HE, Jemal A. CA Cancer J Clin. 2021;11(1):7-33. doi:10.3322/caae.21654. 2. Dagogo-Jack I. Shaw AT. Nat Rev Clin Oncol. 2018;15(2):81-94. doi:10.1038/nrclinonc.2017.166. 3. Gotvals P, Cameron S, Cipolletta D, et al. Nat Rev Cancer. 2017;17(5):286-301. doi:10.1038/nrc2017.17.4. Lopez JS, Banerji U. Nat Rev Clin Oncol. 2017;14(1):57-66. doi:10.1038/nrclinonc.2016;96.5. BastraheelSS, Domling A, Goda SK, Biomed/Pharmacother. 2020;125:1-16. doi:10.1016/j.biopha.2020.110009.

Tumor Treating Fields (TTFields) are electric fields that exert physical forces to kill cancer cells via a variety of mechanisms



TTFields spare healthy cells because they have different properties than cancer cells across a range of tumor types





© 2024 Novocure GmbH 42

1. Karanam NK, Story MD. Int J. Radiat Biol. 2021;97(8):1044-1054.2. Cooper GM. The Cell: A Molecular Approach. 2nd ed. SinauerAssociates; 2000 chap 15. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK9965/.3. Baba AJ, Cátoi C. Comparative Oncology. The Publishing House of the Romanian Academy; 2007 chap 3. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK9565/.4. Trianito CJ, Sweeney DC, Cemažar J, et al. PLoS One. 2019;14(9):1-18.5. Haemmerich D, Schutt DJ, Wright AW, Webster JG, Mahv DM. Physiol/Meaz. 2009;30(5):455-466.6. A Anmad MA, IEEE SM, AI Natour Z, Mustafa F, Rizvi TA. IEEE Access 2018;62:5979-25966.

a growing body of evidence supporting multiple mechanisms of action

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:



JOURNAL ARTICLE ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Anti-cancer mechanisms of action of therapeutic alternating electric fields (tumor treating fields [TTFields]) ô

Shadi Shams, Chirag B Patel 🕿

Jaurnal of Malecular Cell Biology, mjac047, https://doi.org/10.1093/jmcb/mjac047 Published: 16 August 2022

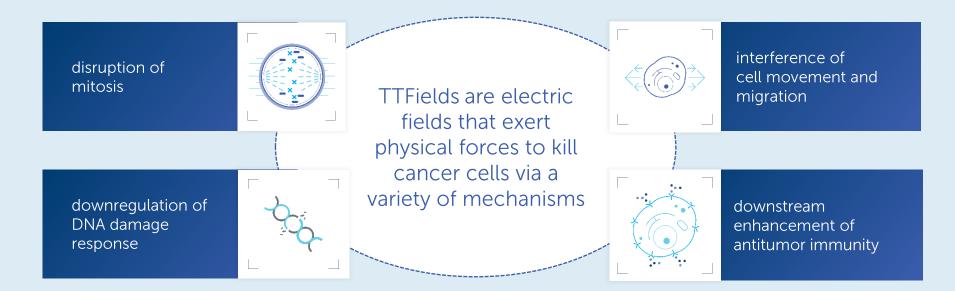
🕒 PDF 🖬 Split View 💪 Cite 🎤 Permissions < Share 🔻

Abstract

Despite improved survival outcomes across many cancer types, the prognosis remains grim for certain solid organ cancers including glioblastoma and pancreatic cancer. Invariably in these cancers, the control achieved by timelimited interventions such as traditional surgical resection, radiation therapy, and chemotherapy is short-lived. A new form of anti-cancer therapy called therapeutic alternating electric fields (AEFs) or tumor treating fields (TTFields) has been shown, either by itself or in combination with chemotherapy, to have anti-cancer effects that translate to improved survival outcomes in patients. Although the pre-clinical and clinical data are promising, the mechanisms of TTFields are not fully elucidated. Many investigations are underway to better understand how and why TTFields is able to selectively kill cancer cells and impede their proliferation. The purpose of this review is to summarize and discuss the reported mechanisms of action of TTFields from pre-clinical studies (both in vitro and in vivo). An improved understanding of how TTFields works will guide strategies focused on the timing and combination of TTFields with other therapies, to further improve survival outcomes in patients with solid organ cancers.

- Preclinical research has shown interference with cancer cell motility and migration, activation of anti-tumor immunity, downregulation of genes important for DNA damage repair, and other potential mechanisms
- May demonstrate enhanced effects across solid tumor types when used with chemotherapy, radiotherapy, immune checkpoint inhibition, or PARP inhibition in preclinical models

Tumor Treating Fields have multiple, distinct mechanisms of action

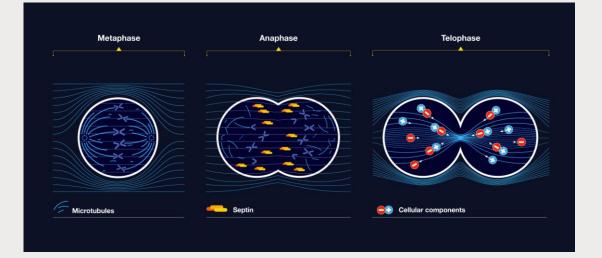


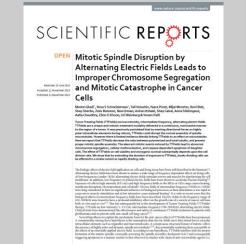
patientforward* Rominiyi O et al. Br J Cancer. 2021;124(4):697-709. 2. Karanam NK, Story MD. Int J Radiat Biol. 2021;97(8):1044-1054. 3. Mun EJ et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2018;24(2):266-275.

TTFields have been shown to disrupt mitosis in cancer cells by exerting physical forces on their polar components

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:







Novocere Ltd. Topial Building, MATAM center Halfs 12305, Israel, "These authors contributed equally to this and Conversiondence and requests for materials should be addressed to M.G. (email: mothes/likosyncure.com)

CENTRE REPORTS [3:320+6] DOI 35:3076/94000+

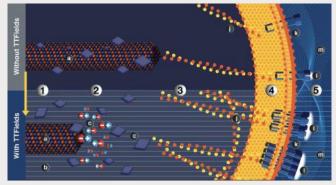
patientforward®

1. Gera N, Yang A, Holtzman TS, Lee SX, Wong ET, Swanson KD. PLoS One. 2015;10:(5):1-20. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0125269 2. Giladi M, Schneiderman RS, Voloshin T, et al. Sci. Rep. 2015;5:1-16. doi:10.1038/srep180465. Voloshin T, Kaynan N, Davidi S, et al. Cancer Immunolimmunother. 2020;69(7):119-1204. doi:10.1007/s0026-020-02534-74. Gutin PH, Wong ET. Am Soc Clin Oncol Educ Book. 2012;16:131. doi:10.14694/Redook_AM2012.321225. Multi BJ, Bakiter HM, Weinberg U, Kirson ED, Von Hoff DD. Clin Cancer Res. 2018;24(2):266-275. doi:10.1158/1076-0352. CCR1-7117

TTFields have been shown to alter the organization and dynamics of the cytoskeleton, disrupting cancer cell motility and migration

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:





a) microtubule;
 b) TTFields;
 c) tubulin aligned with field;
 j) actin fiber;
 k) integrin;
 l) focal adhesion;
 m) extracellular matrix.

A model illustrating the mechanism by which TTFields modulates cancer cell motility.

 Microtubules are required to specify the direction of cell movement. GEF-H1 catalytic activity is downregulated through microtubule binding.
 TTFields exert directional forces on polar tubulins

leading to their alignment in the direction of the field. This, in turn, leads to the reorganization of the microtubule network resulting in changes in the abundance of microtubules and initiation of the GEF-H1/RhoA/ROCK signaling pathway

(3) to increase actin bundling(4) and formation of focal adhesions,(5) which disrupt cell polarity and migration directionality.



Single Summary Team Team (2) Teleda (accompaning denoting cloth (icle) with the intermediate long-range (as an entracer transmission denoting the strange of the long-range (as an entracer transmission denotes the long-range (as an entracer transmission) denotes the long team (as an entracer transmission) denotes the long team (as an entracer transmission) denotes the long team (as a stransmission) denotes (as a strans

Absolute Tomos Taching Teleho (TTT-Maka) are narrawales, diversiting devices fields within the effect of the second seco

ory 2020, 17, 30%; doi:10.3340/autores12503056

patientforward*

Adapted from Voloshin et al. 2020. GEF-H1-a microtubule-associated protein that couples microtubule dynamics to cell contractility. Rho/ROCK-ap anthway that regulates cell morphology, polarity, and cytoskeletal remodeling by regulating actin and cell migration. Voloshin T, Schneiderman RS, Volodin A, et al. Cancers (Basel). 2020;12(10):1-18. doi:10.3390/cancers12103016

TTFields-mediated cell disruption activates the immune system and triggers a downstream antitumor cell response

FOR MORE INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:





<text><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header>

applementary material, which is available to authorized users. Extended author information available on the lost page of the articl

1 Springer

patientforward Voloshin T, Kaynan N, Davidi S, et al. Cancer Immunol Immunother. 2020;69(7):1191-1204

TTFields downregulate genes important for DNA damage repair

FOR MORE **INFORMATION, USE** THE QR CODE:



TTFields disrupt DNA damage repair in cancer cells by downregulating • genes that are part of the well-known FA-BRCA pathway^{1,2}



el Death and Disease (2017) 8. e27(1) dei 10.1088, odds. 2017.1

Tumor-treating fields elicit a conditional vulnerability to ionizing radiation via the downregulation of BRCA1 signaling and reduced DNA double-strand break repair capacity in non-small cell lung cancer cell lines

Fields are low-intensity intermediate frequency alternation electric fields that are applied to turner and cells using in this is community, interestion in mochanism by which TTFelds are thought to the paper or their significant in the data animable amount of the patients of PECCC2 of these we bound that there is a variable response in cell pro-taining two non-small cell lung cancer (PECCC2) or the set of the data the data there is a variable response in cell pro-taining the experiment of PECCC2 of the that was independent of got attains. TTFrids have mention increase the G2 nt reduction in S-phase cells followed by the appearance of a sub-G1 population indicative of ap anges in gens expression during TTRelds exposure was evaluated to identify molecular signaling chan ferminal TTReids response. The most differentiable expressed evens secondated with the cell puris a fit the sonescance of chromatid-hope abscrations, supporting an interphase apair. Exposing cells to TTFields immediately following ionizing radiation resulted in in any ceres of TTPACE interesting solution in the second sec enhanced sensitivity to kinicing inclusion and provides a strong rationale for the use of TTFields as a cr with individin or other DNA-damaging agents. Coll Death and Disease (2017), A c2111, doi:10.1038/cd58.2017.156; published online 30 March 2017

(100-300 Me) allemating exotics held addiss the tainor all the modularian by which threads all deepoly- ment that induces a delectrophonetic movement of polar metadion and the mislocalization of septin. This results in		
---	--	--

Tablatin Oncology, University of Texas Sauthweetern Medical Center, Datios, TX, USA and "Service seam Medical Center, Cablas, TX, USA Salon Bology Department of Radiation Oncology, University of Texas Southweatern Medical Center; 220

patientforward

Karanam NK, Srinivasan K, Ding L, Sishc B, Saha D, Story MD. Cell Death Dis. 2017;8(3):1-10. doi:10.1038/cddis.2017.136 2. Karanam NK, Ding L, Aroumougame A, Story MD. Trans/ Res. 2020;217:33-46. doi:10.1016/j.trsl.2019.10.0033. Giladi M, Munster M, Schneiderman RS, et al. Radiat Oncol. 2017;12(1):1-13. doi:10.1186/s13014-017-0941-6 4. Kim EH, Kim YJ, Song HS, et al. Oncotarget. 2016;7(38):62267-62279. doi:10.16352/oncotarget.11407.

novœ

TTFields is a highly versatile firstin-class treatment modality

- TTFields therapy has significant potential for broad • applicability across solid tumor types and lines of therapy
 - Investigation of TTFields therapy is ongoing across clinical trials in multiple tumor types
 - In approved indications, TTFields therapy is well tolerated, • suggesting a low risk of additive systemic toxicity when used with other cancer treatment modalities



FOR MORE

INFORMATION, USE THE QR CODE:

doi:10.1158/1078-0432.CCR-17-1117 3. Rominiyi O, Vanderlinden A, Clenton SJ, Bridgewater C, Al-Tamimi Y, Collis SJ. Br J Cancer. 2021;124(4):697-709. doi:10.1038/s41416-020-01136-5. 4. Pless M, Droege C, von Moos R, Salzberg M, Betticher D. Lung Cancer. 2013;81(3):445-450. doi:10.1016/j.lungcan.2013.06.025 5. Novocure. Clinical Trials. Accessed June 21, 2022. https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02831959 6 Rivera F, patientforward Benavides M, Gallego J, Guillen-Ponce C, Lopez-Martin J, Küng M. Pancreatology. 2019;19(1):64-72. doi:10.1016/j.pan.2018.10.0047. Novocure. Clinical Trials. Accessed June 21, 2022. https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT03377491 8. Vergote I, von Moos R, Manso L, Van Nieuwenhuysen E, Concin N, Sessa C. Gynecol Oncol. 2018;150(3):471-477. doi:10.1016/j.vgvno.2018.07.018 9. Novocure Clinical Trials. Accessed June 21, 2022. https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT03940196 10. Stupp R, Taillibert S, Kanner A, et al. JAMA. 2017;318(23):2306-2316. doi:10.1001/jama.2017.18718.

TTFields therapy can be added to cancer treatment modalities in approved indications

TTFields **demonstrate enhanced effects** across multiple solid tumor types, when used concomitantly with each of the following:

